dewatering is considered a remedial component inasmuch as it is necessary to facilitate excavation of contaminated material.

Dewatered fluids will not be recharged back to the land surface or subsurface. Dewatering fluids will be managed off-site. Discharge of water generated during remedial construction to surface waters (i.e., a local pond, stream, and/or river) is prohibited without a SPDES permit.

5.4.8 Backfill from Off-Site Sources

Materials proposed for import onto the site will be approved by the RE and will be in compliance with the provisions in this RAWP prior to receipt at the site. The Final Engineering Report (FER) will include the following certification by the Remedial Engineer: "I certify that all import of soils from off-site, including source evaluation, approval and sampling, has been performed in a manner that is consistent with the methodology defined in the Remedial Action Work Plan".

Imported soils will meet NYSDEC-approved backfill or cover soil quality objectives for this site. These NYSDEC-approved backfill or cover soil quality objectives are the lower of the PGW or RURR SCOs for restricted use as set forth in Table 375-6.8(b) of 6 NYCRR Part 375 and listed in Table 2. Non-compliant soils will not be imported onto the site without prior approval by NYSDEC. Nothing in the approved RAWP or its approval by NYSDEC should be construed as an approval for this purpose. Material from industrial sites, spill sites, other environmental remediation sites, or other potentially contaminated sites will not be imported to the site. Solid waste will not be imported onto the site. Backfill material will consist of clean fill (as described in the following paragraph) or other acceptable fill material such as virgin stone from a quarry or RCA. If RCA is imported to the site, it will be from a NYSDEC-registered facility in compliance with 6 NYCRR Part 360 registration and permitting requirements for the period of acquisition of RCA. RCA imported from compliant facilities will not require chemical testing, unless required by the NYSDEC under the terms for operation of the facility. RCA imported to the site must be derived from recognizable and uncontaminated concrete, with no more than 10% by weight passing through a No. 10 sieve. RCA is not acceptable for and will not be used as cover or drainage material. If required, a site-specific BUD will be obtained by the NYSDEC for import of RCA.

Imported soil (i.e., clean fill) will meet the lower of PGW or RURR SCOs. Non-compliant soils will not be imported to the site. Clean fill will be segregated at a source/facility that is free of environmental contaminants. Qualified environmental personnel will collect representative samples at a frequency consistent with NYSDEC CP-51. The samples will be analyzed for Part 375 VOCs, SVOCs, pesticides/herbicides, PCBs, cyanide, metals including trivalent and hexavalent chromium, 1,4-dioxane, and PFAS by a NYSDOH ELAP-certified laboratory. Upon meeting these criteria, the certified-clean fill will be transported to the site and segregated from impacted material, as necessary, on plastic sheeting until it is used as backfill.

Soils that meet 'exempt' fill requirements under 6 NYCRR Part 360, but do not meet backfill or cover soil objectives for this site, will not be imported onto the site without prior approval by the NYSDEC. The contents of this RAWP and NYSDEC approval of this RAWP should not be construed as an approval for this purpose.

Trucks entering the site with imported soils will be secured with tight fitting covers.

5.4.9 Stormwater Pollution Prevention

A SWPPP is not required because the site is less than 1 acre in size. Silt fencing or hay bales will be installed around the perimeter of the remedial construction area, as needed, and details are included in Appendix G. Barriers and hay bale checks will be installed and inspected once a week and after every storm event. Results of inspections will be recorded in a logbook and maintained at the site and available for inspection by NYSDEC. All necessary repairs shall be made immediately. Accumulated sediments will be removed as required to keep the barrier and hay bale check functional. All undercutting or erosion of the silt fence toe anchor shall be repaired immediately with appropriate backfill materials. Manufacturer's recommendations will be followed for replacing silt fencing damaged due to weathering. Erosion and sediment control measures identified in the RAWP shall be observed to ensure that they are operating correctly. Where discharge locations or points are accessible, they shall be inspected to ascertain whether erosion control measures are effective in preventing significant impacts to the sewer system.

5.4.10 Contingency Plan

If USTs or other previously unidentified contaminant sources are found during on-site remedial excavation or development-related construction, sampling will be performed on product, if encountered, and surrounding subsurface materials (e.g., soil, stone, etc.). Chemical analyses will be for full scan parameters (Part 375 TCL VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, pesticides, TAL metals, 1,4-dioxane and PFAS). Analyses will not be otherwise limited without NYSDEC approval.

Identification of unknown or unexpected contaminated media identified by screening during ground-intrusive work will be promptly communicated by phone to the NYSDEC Project Manager. These findings will also be detailed in the daily reports and the subsequent monthly BCP progress report.

5.4.11 Community Air Monitoring Plan

Community air monitoring will be conducted in compliance with the NYSDOH Generic CAMP outlined below. Exceedances observed in the CAMP will be reported to NYSDEC and NYSDOH Project Managers and included in the Daily Report.

The CAMP will include real-time monitoring for VOCs and particulates at the downwind perimeter of each designated work area when ground-intrusive work is in progress. Continuous monitoring will be required for all ground-intrusive work. Ground-intrusive work includes, but is not limited to, soil/fill excavation and handling and utility trenching. Periodic monitoring for VOCs may be required during non-intrusive work such as the collection of soil samples. "Periodic" monitoring during sample collection might reasonably consist of taking a reading upon arrival at a sample location and taking a reading prior to leaving a sample location.

CAMP monitoring of total VOC levels will be conducted using PIDs, and monitoring for particulates will be conducted using particulate sensors equipped with filters that can detect airborne particulates less than 10 microns in diameter (PM10). Monitoring for particulates and odors will be conducted during ground-intrusive work by a Langan field representative under the supervision of the RE. The work zone is defined as the general area in which machinery is operating in support of remediation. A portable PID will be used to monitor the work zone and for periodic monitoring of total VOC levels during work such as soil sampling. The site perimeter will be visually monitored for fugitive dust emissions.

The following actions will be taken based on total VOC measurements:

- If total VOC levels exceed 5 ppm above background for the 15-minute average at the perimeter, work will be temporarily halted and monitoring continued. If levels readily decrease (per instantaneous readings) below 5 ppm above background, work will resume with continued monitoring.
- If total VOC levels at the downwind perimeter of the work zone persist at levels in excess of 5 ppm above background but less than 25 ppm, work will be halted, the source of vapors identified, corrective actions taken to abate emissions, and monitoring continued. After these steps, work will resume provided that the total VOC level 200 feet downwind of the hot zone or half the distance to the nearest potential receptor or residential/commercial structure, whichever is less but in no case less than 20 feet, is below 5 ppm above background for the 15-minute average.
- If the total VOC level is above 25 ppm at the perimeter of the hot zone, work will be shut down.

The following actions will be taken based on PM10 measurements and visual dust observations:

• If the downwind PM10 level is 100 μg/m³ greater than background (upwind perimeter) for the 15-minute period or if airborne dust is observed leaving the work area, then dust suppression must be employed. Work may continue with dust suppression techniques

provided that downwind PM10 levels do not exceed 150 µg/m³ above the background level and provided that no visible dust is migrating from the work area.

• If, after implementation of dust suppression techniques, downwind PM10 levels are greater than 150 $\mu g/m^3$ above the background level, work must be stopped and a reevaluation of activities initiated. Work can resume provided that dust suppression measures and other controls are successful in reducing the downwind PM10 concentration to within 150 $\mu g/m^3$ of the upwind level and in preventing visible dust migration.

Sustained concentrations of VOCs or PM10 will be reported to the NYSDEC and NYSDOH Project Managers and included in the daily report. In addition, a map showing the location of the downwind and upwind CAMP stations will be included in the daily report.

5.4.12 Odor, Dust and Nuisance Control Plan

Dust, odor, and nuisance control will be accomplished by the remediation contractor as described in this section. The FER will include the following certification by the RE: "I certify that ground-intrusive work during remediation and development-related construction was conducted in accordance with dust and odor suppression methodology defined in the RAWP."

5.4.12.1 Odor Control Plan

This odor control plan is capable of controlling emissions of nuisance odors off-site. Specific odor control methods to be used as needed will include application of foam suppressants or tarps over the odor or VOC source areas, if encountered. If nuisance odors are identified, work will be halted and the source of odors will be identified and corrected. Work will not resume until all nuisance odors have been abated. NYSDEC and NYSDOH will be notified of all odor events and of all other complaints about the project. Implementation of site perimeter odor monitoring, including notifying the contractor and NYSDEC of exceedances, will be the responsibility of the Volunteers' RE, who is responsible for certifying the FER. Application of odor controls is the responsibility of the Remedial Contractor.

All necessary means will be employed to prevent on- and off-site nuisances. At a minimum, procedures may include: (a) limiting the area of open excavations; (b) shrouding open excavations with tarps and other covers; and (c) using foams to cover exposed odorous soils. If odors develop and cannot be otherwise controlled, additional means to eliminate odor nuisances will include: (a) direct load-out of soils to trucks for off-site disposal; (b) use of chemical odorants in spray or misting systems; and, (b) use of staff to monitor odors in surrounding neighborhoods.

Where odor nuisances have developed during remedial work and cannot be corrected, or where the release of nuisance odors cannot otherwise be avoided due to on-site conditions or close proximity to sensitive receptors, odor control will be achieved by sheltering excavation and handling areas under tented containment structures equipped with appropriate air venting/filtering systems.

5.4.12.2 Dust Control Plan

A dust suppression plan that addresses dust management during ground-intrusive on-site work will include, at a minimum, the items listed below:

- Dust suppression will be achieved through the use of a dedicated water distribution system or on-site water truck for road wetting. Where required, the truck will be equipped with a water cannon capable of spraying water directly onto off-road areas including excavations and stockpiles
- Gravel will be used on roadways to provide a clean and dust-free road surface
- On-site roads will be limited in total area to minimize the area required for water truck sprinkling

5.4.12.3 Other Nuisances

A plan for rodent control will be developed and used by the remediation contractor during site preparation (including clearing and grubbing) and during remedial work.

A plan for noise control will be developed and used by the remediation contractor during site preparation and remedial work and will conform, at a minimum, to the NYCDEP noise control standards.

5.5 Remedial Action: In-Situ Groundwater Treatment

A remedial design investigation was completed in May 2019 that included soil and groundwater sampling for use in a soil oxidant demand (SOD) test. Based on sample results, ISCO and oxygen release compound were selected to provide rapid and sustained degradation of the targeted petroleum-related VOCs and SVOCs. Soil below the groundwater table and groundwater will be treated with one round of ISCO (PersulfOx®) followed by a second round of combined ISCO and oxygen release compound (ORC Advanced®). ISCO and oxygen release compound will be applied directly to the petroleum-impacted soil and groundwater via about 160 temporary injection points or direct mixing with an excavator in the northern half of the site. The approximate treatment area is shown on Figure 12. The treatment depth will target the approximate depth of saturated zone petroleum impacts (assumed to be about 11 to 20 feet bgs on Lot 3 and 18 to 28 feet bgs on Lots 12 and 20).

A complete description of the chemical oxidant application, including quantities and specific chemical information, is provided in the remedial design memorandum, provided as Appendix I. Langan will oversee the application of the oxidant and document operations. Follow-up oxidant application may be required, depending on the groundwater monitoring results.

After completion of the ISCO treatment, groundwater samples will be collected from select monitoring wells within the groundwater treatment area, and analyzed for petroleum-related VOCs (VOCs listed in CP-51 Table 2). Groundwater samples will be collected prior to remedial injections to serve as a baseline for performance monitoring. Groundwater monitoring activities to assess the performance of the remedy, or natural attenuation following the removal of contaminant sources, will continue, as determined by NYSDOH and NYSDEC, until residual groundwater concentrations are found to be below NYSDEC standards or have become asymptotic over an extended period. Monitoring will continue until permission to discontinue is granted in writing by NYSDEC and NYSDOH. Monitoring activities will be outlined in the Monitoring Plan of the SMP. It is anticipated that, following remediation, a minimum of eight quarterly monitoring events will be performed.

6.0 CONTAMINATION TO REMAIN ON-SITE

Exposure to residual contaminated soils will be prevented by an engineered, composite cover system that will be built on the site. The FER will report the results of post-excavation documentation soil samples in tabular and map form. The FER will also include surveyed limits of excavation and location of all final documentation samples.

Since residual contaminated soil will exist beneath the site after the remedy is complete, ECs and ICs are required to protect human health and the environment. These ECs and ICs are described hereafter. Long-term management of EC/ICs and of residual contamination will be executed under a site specific SMP that will be developed and included in the FER.

ECs will be implemented to protect public health and the environment by appropriately managing residual contamination. The Controlled Property (the site) will have one primary EC system; a composite cover system will be comprised of at least 2 feet of clean soil that meets the lower of PGW or RURR SCOs in areas not covered by a concrete building slab.

The FER will report residual contamination on the site in tabular and map form. This will include presentation of exceedances of both Track 1 and Track 4 sites.

7.0 ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Following completion of the remedy, it is anticipated that the site will meet Track 4 SCOs as previously defined. Long-term engineering controls will be required as part of the remedial action. Exposure to residual contaminated soils will be prevented by an engineered, composite cover system that will be built on the site. An engineered composite cap consisting of a building foundation, sidewalks, asphalt cover, or at least 2 feet of clean soil that meets the lower of PGW or RURR SCOs will be installed. A vapor barrier/waterproofing membrane will be installed as part of the composite cap, and also will serve to mitigate potential soil vapor intrusion into the planned building. A minimum 20-mil-thick vapor barrier membrane will be installed under the slab of the entire proposed building and along all foundation sidewalls to grade. The specifications for the product will be provided to the NYSDEC for review and approval.

As-built waterproofing/vapor barrier plans prepared by the Contractor responsible for installing and inspecting the waterproofing/vapor barrier system will be submitted with the FER. The FER will include photographs of the installation process, a copy of a PE/RA-certified letter (on company letterhead) from the Contractor responsible for installation and field inspections, and a copy of the manufacturer's certificate of warranty. A PE will certify that the vapor barrier membrane system was installed per manufacturer's instructions

The composite cover system will be a permanent EC. A vapor barrier/waterproofing membrane will be installed as part of the composite cover. The composite cover will be inspected and its performance certified at specified intervals as required by this RAWP and the SMP. The SMP (to be included in the FER) will outline maintenance requirements and the procedures to be followed in the event that the composite cover system with underlying vapor barrier membrane system is disturbed after the remedial action is complete. A diagram showing the aerial distribution and design detail for each cover type is shown in Figure 13.

A Soil Materials Management Plan (SMMP) will be included in the SMP and will outline the procedures to be followed in the event that the composite cover system and underlying residual contamination are disturbed after the Remedial Action is complete.

8.0 INSTITUTIONAL CONTROLS

After the remedy is complete, the site will have residual contamination remaining in place. ECs for the residual contamination have been incorporated into the remedy to render the overall site remedy protective of public health and the environment. Two elements have been designed to ensure continual and proper management of residual contamination in perpetuity: an EE and a SMP.

All as-built drawings, diagrams, calculation and manufacturer documentation for treatment systems will be presented in the FER.

A site-specific EE will be recorded with Bronx County to provide an enforceable means of ensuring the continual and proper management of residual contamination and protection of public health and the environment in perpetuity or until released in writing by NYSDEC. It requires that the grantor of the EE and the grantor's successors and assigns adhere to all ECs and ICs placed on this site by this NYSDEC-approved remedy. ICs provide restrictions on site usage and mandate operation, maintenance, monitoring and reporting measures for all ECs and ICs. The SMP describes appropriate methods and procedures to ensure compliance with all ECs and ICs that are required by the EE. Once the SMP has been approved by the NYSDEC, compliance with the SMP is required by the grantor of the EE and grantor's successors and assigns.

8.1 Environmental Easement

An EE, as defined in Article 71 Title 36 of the Environmental Conservation Law, is required when residual contamination above UU SCOs is left on-site after the Remedial Action is complete. If the site will have residual contamination after completion of all Remedial Actions, then an EE is required. As part of this remedy, an EE approved by NYSDEC will be filed and recorded with the Bronx County Clerk. The EE will be submitted as part of the FER.

The EE renders the site a Controlled Property. The EE must be recorded with the Bronx County Clerk or City Register before the Certificate of Completion can be issued by NYSDEC. A series of ICs is required under this remedy to implement, maintain and monitor these EC systems, prevent future exposure to residual contamination by controlling disturbances of the subsurface soil and restricting the use of the site to restricted-residential, industrial and commercial use(s) only. These ICs are requirements or restrictions placed on the site that are listed in, and required by, the EE. ICs can, generally, be subdivided between controls that support ECs, and those that place general restrictions on site usage or other requirements. ICs in both of these groups are closely integrated with the SMP, which provides all of the methods and procedures to be followed to comply with this remedy.

Under the Track 4 scenario, the EC will be in the form of a long-term composite cover (vapor barrier/waterproofing membrane, concrete building foundation, sidewalks, asphalt cover and/or two feet of imported material that meets the lower of PGW or RURR SCOs) and vapor barrier. The ICs that support the ECs are:

- On-site environmental monitoring devices, including but not limited to, groundwater monitor wells, must be protected and replaced as necessary to ensure proper functioning in the manner specified in the SMP;
- Compliance with the EE by the Grantee and the Grantee's successors and adherence of all elements of the SMP is required.
- All ECs must be operated and maintained as specified in the SMP.
- All ECs on the Controlled Property must be inspected and certified at a frequency and in a manner defined in the SMP. A composite cover system consisting of concrete building slabs must be inspected, certified and maintained as required in the SMP;
- Environmental or public health monitoring must be performed as defined in the SMP.
- Data and information pertinent to Site Management for the Controlled Property must be reported at the frequency and in a manner defined in the SMP.
- ECs may not be discontinued without an amendment or extinguishment of the EE. The
 EE may be extinguished only by release by the Commissioner of NYSDEC, or the
 Commissioner's designee, and filed with the office of the recording officer for the county
 or counties where the Property is situated in the manner prescribed by Article 9 of the
 Real Property Law.

Adherence to these ICs for the site is mandated by the EE and will be implemented under the SMP (discussed in the next section).

The Controlled Property (site) will also have a series of ICs in the form of site restrictions and requirements. The site restrictions that apply to the Controlled Property are:

- Vegetable gardens and farming in residual site soil on the Controlled Property are prohibited.
- Use of groundwater underlying the Controlled Property is prohibited without treatment rendering it safe for intended purpose as approved by NYSDOH and NYSDEC.
- All future activities on the Controlled Property that will disturb residual contaminated material, if present, are prohibited unless they are conducted in accordance with the soil management provisions in the SMP.

- The Controlled Property may be used for restricted-residential, commercial and industrial use only (as allowed by zoning), provided the long-term ECs and ICs included in the SMP are employed.
- The Controlled Property may not be used for a higher level of use, such as unrestricted or residential (single family) use without an amendment or extinguishment of this EE.
- Grantor agrees to submit to NYSDEC a written statement that certifies, under penalty of perjury, that: (1) controls employed at the Controlled Property are unchanged from the previous certification or that any changes to the controls were approved by the NYSDEC; and, (2) nothing has occurred that impairs the ability of the controls to protect public health and environment or that constitute a violation or failure to comply with the SMP. NYSDEC retains the right to access such Controlled Property at any time in order to evaluate the continued maintenance of any and all controls. This certification shall be submitted annually, or an alternate period of time that NYSDEC may allow. This statement must be certified by an expert that the NYSDEC finds acceptable.

8.2 Site Management Plan

The SMP in the FER will include a monitoring plan for groundwater at the down-gradient site perimeter to evaluate site -wide performance of the remedy. Appropriately placed groundwater monitor wells will also be installed immediately down-gradient of all VOC remediation areas for the purpose of evaluation of the effectiveness of the remedy that is implemented.

Site Management is the last phase of remediation and begins with the approval of the FER and issuance of the Certificate of Completion for the Remedial Action. The SMP is submitted as part of the FER but will be written in a manner that allows its use as a complete and independent document. Site Management continues in perpetuity or until released in writing by NYSDEC. The property owner is responsible to ensure that all Site Management responsibilities defined in the EE and the SMP are performed.

The SMP is intended to provide a detailed description of the procedures required to manage residual contamination left in place at the site following completion of the Remedial Action in accordance with the BCA with the NYSDEC. This includes: (1) development, implementation, and management of all ECs and ICs; (2) development and implementation of monitoring systems and a Monitoring Plan; (3) development of a plan to operate and maintain any treatment, collection, containment, or recovery systems (including, where appropriate, preparation of an Operation and Maintenance Manual); (4) submittal of Site Management Reports, performance of inspections and certification of results, and demonstration of proper communication of site information to NYSDEC; and (5) defining criteria for termination of treatment system operation, if applicable.

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To address these needs, this SMP will include four plans: (1) an Engineering and Institutional Control Plan for implementation and management of IC/ECs; (2) a Monitoring Plan for implementation of Site Monitoring; (3) an Operation and Maintenance Plan for implementation of remedial collection, containment, treatment, and recovery systems; and (4) a Site Management Reporting Plan for submittal of data, information, recommendations, and certifications to NYSDEC. The SMP will be prepared in accordance with the requirements in NYSDEC Draft DER-10 Technical Guidance for Site Investigation and Remediation and the guidelines provided by NYSDEC. The SMP will include a provision for evaluation of the potential for soil vapor intrusion for any occupied buildings on the site, including a provision for implementing actions recommended to address exposures related to soil vapor intrusion.

Site management, reporting, and IC/EC certification will be scheduled on a certification period basis. The certification period will be annual, unless otherwise approved by NYSDEC. The SMP will be based on a calendar year and will be due for submission to NYSDEC by three months following the end of the reporting period.

No exclusions for handling of remaining contaminated soil will be provided in the SMP. All handling of remaining contaminated material will be subject to provisions contained in the SMP.

9.0 FINAL ENGINEERING REPORT

A FER will be submitted to NYSDEC following implementation of the Remedial Action defined in this RAWP. The FER provides documentation that the remedial work required under this RAWP has been completed and performed in compliance with this plan. The FER will provide a comprehensive account of the locations and characteristics of all material removed from the Site including the surveyed map(s) of all sources. The FER will include as-built drawings for all constructed elements, manufacturer documentation for treatment systems, certifications, manifests, bills of lading, and the complete Site Management Plan (formerly the Operation and Maintenance Plan). The FER will provide a description of the changes in the Remedial Action from the elements provided in the RAWP and associated design documents. The FER will provide a tabular summary of all performance evaluation sampling results and all material characterization results and other sampling and chemical analysis performed as part of the Remedial Action. The FER will provide test results demonstrating that all mitigation and remedial systems are functioning properly. The FER will be prepared in conformance with DER-10.

Where determined to be necessary by NYSDEC, a Financial Assurance Plan will be required to ensure the sufficiency of revenue to perform long-term operations, maintenance and monitoring tasks defined in the SMP and EE. This determination will be made by NYSDEC in the context of the FER review.

The FER will include written and photographic documentation of all remedial work performed under this remedy.

The FER will include an itemized tabular description of actual costs incurred during all aspects of the Remedial Action.

The FER will provide a thorough summary of all residual contamination left on the Site after the remedy is complete. Residual contamination includes all contamination that exceeds the Track 1 Unrestricted Use SCO in 6NYCRR Part 375-6. A table that shows exceedances from Track 1 Unrestricted SCOs for all soil/fill remaining at the Site after the Remedial Action and a map that shows the location and summarizes exceedances from Track 1 Unrestricted SCOs for all soil/fill remaining at the site after the Remedial Action will be included in the FER.

The FER will provide a thorough summary of all residual contamination that exceeds the SCOs defined for the site in the RAWP and must provide an explanation for why the material was not removed as part of the Remedial Action. A table that shows residual contamination in excess of Site SCOs and a map that shows residual contamination in excess of Site SCOs will be included in the FER.

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The Final Engineering Report will include an accounting of the destination of all material removed from the Site, including excavated contaminated soil, historic fill, solid waste, hazardous waste, non-regulated material, and fluids. Documentation associated with disposal of all material must also include records and approvals for receipt of the material. It will provide an accounting of the origin and chemical quality of all material imported onto the Site.

Before approval of a FER and issuance of a Certificate of Completion, all project reports must be submitted in digital form on electronic media (PDF).

9.1 Certifications

The following certification will appear in front of the FER Executive Summary. The certification will be signed by the RE, Jason J. Hayes, who is a NYS-licensed Professional Engineer. The certification will be appropriately signed and stamped. The certification will include the following statements:

I, ______, am currently a registered professional engineer licensed by the State of New York. I had primary direct responsibility for implementation of the remedial program for the Gerard Avenue and East 146th Street Site

I certify that the site description presented in this Final Engineering Report is identical to the site descriptions presented in the Environmental Easement, Site Management Plan, Brownfield Cleanup Agreement for the Gerard Avenue and East 146th Street site and related amendments.

I certify that the Remedial Action Work Plan dated [month day year] and Stipulations [if any] in a letter dated [month day year] and approved by the NYSDEC were implemented and that all requirements in those documents have been substantively complied with.

I certify that the remedial activities were observed by qualified environmental professionals under my supervision and that the remediation requirements set forth in the Remedial Action Work Plan and any other relevant provisions of ECL 27-1419 have been achieved.

I certify that all use restrictions, Institutional Controls, Engineering Controls, and all operation and maintenance requirements applicable to the Site are contained in an Environmental Easement created and recorded pursuant ECL 71-3605 and that all affected local governments, as defined in ECL 71-3603, have been notified that such easement has been recorded. A Site Management Plan has been submitted by the [Applicant / Volunteer / Participant] for the continual and proper operation, maintenance, and monitoring of all Engineering Controls employed at the Site, including the proper maintenance of all remaining monitoring wells, and that such plan has been approved by the NYSDEC.

I certify that the export of contaminated soil, fill, water, or other material from the property was performed in accordance with the Remedial Action Work Plan, and were taken to facilities licensed to accept this material in full compliance with all federal, state, and local laws.

I certify that import of soils from off-site, including source approval and sampling, has been performed in a manner that is consistent with the methodology defined in the Remedial Action Work Plan.

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I certify that ground-intrusive work during remediation and development-related construction was conducted in accordance with dust and odor suppression methodology defined in the Remedial Action Work Plan.

I certify that all information and statements in this certification are true. I understand that a false statement made herein is punishable as Class "A" misdemeanor, pursuant to Section 210.45 of the Penal Law.

It is a violation of Article 130 of New York State Education Law for any person to alter this document in any way without the express written verification of adoption by any New York State licensed engineer in accordance with Section 7209(2), Article 130, New York State Education Law.

10.0 SCHEDULE

Remedial activities are anticipated to take about 4 to 6 months. Within 90 days of completion of all remedial activities at the site, an FER will be submitted to NYSDEC as detailed in Section 9.0. The project is anticipated to start in May 2020. A Gantt chart showing a detailed project schedule is included in Appendix H.

11.0 REFERENCES

- 1. AEI, Phase II Subsurface Investigation for 445 Gerard Avenue, dated March 7, 2012
- 2. AEI, Phase I Environmental Site Assessment for 445 Gerard Avenue, dated April 16, 2012
- 3. GEI, Phase I Environmental Site Assessment for 417 Gerard Avenue, dated June 2015
- 4. AEI, Phase I Environmental Site Assessment for 440 Exterior Street, dated August 28, 2015
- 5. AEI, Limited Phase II Subsurface Investigation, dated October 12, 2015
- 6. AEI, Phase I Environmental Site Assessment, dated August 16, 2016
- 7. Langan, Subsurface Investigation Letter Report, dated March 2, 2018
- 8. Langan, Draft Geotechnical Engineering Report, dated September 24, 2018
- 9. Langan, Phase I Environmental Site Assessment for 404 Exterior Street, dated April 3, 2019
- 10. Langan Engineering, Environmental, Surveying, Landscape Architecture and Geology, DPC., Remedial Investigation Report, dated August 2019.
- 11. New York State Department of Health, Final Guidance for the Evaluation of Soil Vapor Intrusion in the State of New York, dated October 2006.
- 12. New York State Department of Environmental Conservation, Division of Environmental Remediation, Draft Brownfield Cleanup Program Guide, dated May 2004.
- 13. New York State Department of Environmental Conservation, Division of Environmental Remediation, Technical and Administrative Guidance Memorandum No. 4031 Fugitive Dust Suppression and Particulate Monitoring Program at Inactive Waste Sites, dated October 27, 1989.
- 14. New York State Department of Environmental Conservation, Draft DER-10 Technical Guidance for Site Investigation and Remediation, dated May 3, 2010; effective June 18, 2010.
- 15. New York State Department of Environmental Conservation, Part 375 of Title 6 of the New York Compilation of Codes, Rules, and Regulations, Effective December 14, 2006.
- 16. New York State Division of Water Technical and Operational Guidance Series (TOGS) (1.1.1) dated June 1998.
- 17. New York State Division of Water Technical and Operational Guidance Series (TOGS) 5.1.8 New York State Stormwater Management Design Manual, dated June 2008.
- 18. United States Environmental Protection Agency, Low-Flow (Minimal Drawdown) Ground-Water Sampling Procedures, "EPA/540/S-95/504, April 1996.

19. United States Census Bureau, July 2018 Census Data, dated 2018.



Table 1 Remedial Action Work Plan Track 1 Soil Cleanup Objectives

Gerard Avenue and East 146th Street Bronx, New York BCP Site No. C203111 Langan Project Number. 170487001

1,1,1-Trichloroethane 0.68 1,1-Dichloroethane 0.27 1,1-Dichloroethylene 0.33 1,2-Dichlorobenzene 1.1 1,2-Dichloroethane 0.02 cis-1,2-Dichloroethene 0.02 trans-1,2-Dichloroethene 0.25 1,3-Dichlorobenzene 0.19 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 1.8 1,4-Dioxane 0.1 2-Butanone 0.12 Acetone 0.05 Benzene 0.06 Carbon tetrachloride 0.76 Chloroform 0.37 Ethyl Benzene 1 Hexachlorobenzene 0.33 Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE) 0.93 Methylene chloride 0.05 n-Propylbenzene 3.9 sec-Butylbenzene 11 tert-Butylbenzene 1.3 Tetrachloroethylene 1.3 Toluene 0.7 Trichloroethylene 0.47 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 8.4 Vinyl Chloride 0.02	VOCS (mg/kg)	
1,1-Dichloroethylene 0.33 1,2-Dichloroethylene 0.33 1,2-Dichloroethane 0.02 cis-1,2-Dichloroethene 0.02 trans-1,2-Dichloroethene 0.25 1,3-Dichlorobenzene 0.19 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 1.8 1,4-Dioxane 0.1 2-Butanone 0.12 Acetone 0.05 Benzene 0.06 Carbon tetrachloride 0.76 Chlorobenzene 1.1 Chloroform 0.37 Ethyl Benzene 1 Hexachlorobenzene 0.33 Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE) 0.93 Methylene chloride 0.05 n-Propylbenzene 3.9 sec-Butylbenzene 11 tert-Butylbenzene 5.9 Tetrachloroethylene 1.3 Toluene 0.7 Trichloroethylene 3.6 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene 8.4 Vinyl Chloride 0.02 Xylenes, Total 0.26 Metal		0.60
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Lead 63 Manganese 1600 Mercury 0.18 Nickel 30 Selenium 3.9	Copper	50
Manganese 1600 Mercury 0.18 Nickel 30 Selenium 3.9	,	
Mercury 0.18 Nickel 30 Selenium 3.9		
Nickel 30 Selenium 3.9		<u> </u>
Selenium 3.9		+
Silver 2	Silver	2
Zinc 109		1

SVOCS (mg/kg) Acenaphthene 20					
20					
100					
100					
1					
1					
1					
100					
0.8					
1					
0.33					
100					
30					
0.5					
0.33					
100					
0.33					
0.33					
0.8					
100					
0.33					
100					
3.8					
0.0033					
0.0033					
0.0033					
0.005					
0.02					
0.036					
0.094					
0.04					
7					
0.005					
2.4					
2.4					
2.4					
0.014 0.042					
0.042					
0.1					

Notes:

- 1. SCO = Soil Cleanup Objective
- 2. SVOC = semivolatile organic compound
- 3. VOC = volatile organic compound
- 4. PCB = polychlorinated biphenyl
- 5. mg/kg = milligram per kilogram
- 6. SCO values are the lower of Protection of Groundwater and Unrestricted Use guidance values.

Table 2 Remedial Action Work Plan Track 4 Soil Cleanup Objectives

Gerard Avenue and East 146th Street Bronx, New York BCP Site No. C203111 Langan Project Number. 170487001

NO.00 / // //	
VOCS (mg/kg)	0.00
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.68
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.27
1,1-Dichloroethene	0.33
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3.6
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	1.1
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.02
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (Mesitylene)	8.4
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	2.4
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	1.8
1,4-Dioxane (P-Dioxane)	0.1
Acetone	0.05
Benzene	0.06
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.76
Chlorobenzene	1.1
Chloroform	0.37
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.25
Ethylbenzene	1
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (2-Butanone)	0.12
Methylene Chloride	0.05
Naphthalene	12
n-Butylbenzene	12
n-Propylbenzene	3.9
Sec-Butylbenzene	11
T-Butylbenzene	5.9
Tert-Butyl Methyl Ether	0.93
Tetrachloroethene (PCE)	1.3
Toluene	0.7
Total Xylenes	1.6
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.19
Trichloroethene (TCE)	0.47
Vinyl Chloride	0.02
SVOCS (mg/kg)	3.32
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	1.1
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	2.4
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	1.8
1,4-Dioxane (P-Dioxane)	0.1
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	0.33
Acenaphthene	98
Acenaphthylene	100
Anthracene	100
Benzo(a)Anthracene	1
Benzo(a)Pyrene	1
Benzo(b)Fluoranthene	1
Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene	100
Benzo(k)Fluoranthene	1
Chrysene	1
Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene	0.33
Dibenzofuran Fluoranthene	14 100
Fluorene	100
Hexachlorobenzene	0.33
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)Pyrene	0.5
Naphthalene	12
Pentachlorophenol	0.8
Discounting	
Phenanthrene	100
Phenanthrene Phenol Pyrene	0.33 100

Pesticides (mg/kg)					
4,4'-DDD	2.6				
, 4,4'-DDE	1.8				
4,4'-DDT	1.7				
Aldrin	0.019				
Alpha BHC (Alpha Hexachlorocyclohexane)	0.02				
Alpha Chlordane	0.91				
Alpha Endosulfan	4.8				
Beta Bhc (Beta Hexachlorocyclohexane)	0.072				
Beta Endosulfan	4.8				
Delta Bhc (Delta Hexachlorocyclohexane)	0.25				
Dieldrin ,	0.039				
Endosulfan Sulfate	4.8				
Endrin	0.06				
Gamma Bhc (Lindane)	0.1				
Heptachlor	0.38				
Herbicides (mg/kg)					
Silvex (2,4,5-Tp)	3.8				
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (mg/kg)					
Total PCBs	1				
Inorganics (mg/kg)					
Arsenic	16				
Barium	350				
Beryllium	14				
Cadmium	2.5				
Chromium, Hexavalent	19				
Chromium, Trivalent	36				
Copper	270				
Cyanide	27				
Lead	400				
Manganese	2,000				
Mercury	0.73				
Nickel	130				
Selenium	4				
Silver	8.3				
Zinc	2,200				

Notes:

- 1. SCO = Soil Cleanup Objective
- 2. SVOC = semivolatile organic compound
- 3. VOC = volatile organic compound
- 4. PCB = polychlorinated biphenyl
- 5. mg/kg = milligram per kilogram
- 6. SCO values are the lower of Protection of Groundwater and Restricted Use Restricted-Residential Use guidance values.

Track 1 Remedial Cost Estimate Gerard Avenue and East 146th Street

New York, New York Langan Project Number. 170487001 BCP Site No. C203111

Item No.	Description of Environmental Item	om Quantity		Premium Unit Price		Estimated Premium
	IEDIAL ACTION CONTRACTOR FEES					
A-1	Abatement: - Accounts for abatment of asbestos-containing materials, lead based paint, and other universal waste and hazardous wastes; and air monitoring during abatement activities	-		Allowance		\$300,000
A-2	In-situ Groundwater Treatment - Accounts for the mobilization of the remediation contractor, installation of injection points, application of chemicals, chemical product costs, and implementation	-		Allowance		\$1,000,00
A-3	<u>Demolition</u> - Accounts for demolition of existing building	-		Allowance		\$945,00
A-4	Remediation Facilities, Equipment, Mobilization, Demobilization, Permits, and Site Maintenance- Remediation and decontamination facilities include trailer, truck cleaning facilities, etc.		-	Allowance		\$100,00
A-5	Support of Excavation (SOE) - Includes installation of a secant-pile wall along the south and west perimeter of Lots 3 and 20, respectively. The secant-pile wall will be installed bedrock, which is at approximately 75 feet below grade surface (bgs). 109 piles will be required to construct the secant-pile wall.	9,000	LF	\$350	per LF	\$3,200,00
A-6	Support of Excavation (SOE) - Includes installation of a soil-mix wall along the perimeter of Lots 3, 12, and 20. The soil-mix wall will be installed bedrock, which is at approximately 75 feet below grade surface (bgs). 455 piles will be required to construct the soil-mix wall.	35,000	LF	\$300	per LF	\$10,500,00
A-7	Management and Handling of Excavated Materials- Accounts for excavation of material containing concentrations exceeding Unrestricted Use Soil Cleanup Objectives.	33,000	CY	\$37	per CY	\$1,221,00
A-8	<u>Transport and Disposal of Historic Fill that Exceeds Unrestriced Use Soil Cleanup Objective</u> s Includes transport vehicles and disposal of material at a permitted facility.	49,500	Tons	\$57	per Ton	\$2,821,50
A-9	<u>Transport and Disposal of Hazardous Lead-Impacted Historic Fill Materia</u> l Includes transport vehicles and disposal of a hazardous lead hotspot in Lot 3.	10	Tons	\$125	per Ton	\$1,25
A-10	Aboveground/Underground Storage Tank (AST/UST) Removal - Cleaning, removal, and disposal of three oil-water separators, four ASTs, and four suspect USTs across the site.	11	Tanks	\$20,000	per Tank	\$220,00
A-11	Dewatering/Fluid Treatment - Accounts for design and installation and for the fees to operate and maintain the dewatering and treatment system for 4 months.	4	Months	\$70,000	per Month	\$280,00
A-12	<u>Dust, Odor and Vapor Control</u> - Includes odor, dust, and organic vapor control during remediation of the site. Assumes control measures will include, but not be limited to application of odor suppressant, foam or water.	6	Months	\$20,000	per Month	\$120,00
A-13	<u>Backfill</u> - Import and placement of clean fill material to bring hotspots to development grade. An additional 10% of material is included to account for compaction.	21,000	CY	\$30	CY	\$630,00
			REMEDIAL ACTION	CONTRACTOR FE	ES SUBTOTAL	\$21,339,00
- ENG	INEERING FEES					
B-1	Waste Characterization		-	Allowance		\$60,000
B-2	Engineering Support, Construction Administration, and Agency Coordination (During Remediation)	6	Months	\$15,000	per Month	\$90,00
B-3	Community Air Monitoring - This fee includes equipment rental fees associated with implementation of CAMP, which will be performed during ground-intrusive work including excavation and backfill, the presence of an on-site engineer to observe and document the site remediation, remediation health and safety including purchase and maintenance of appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), and daily field reporting to the NYSDEC.	6	Months	\$40,000	per Month	\$240,00
B-4	Engineering Special Inspection of Support of Excavation	6	Months	\$35,000	per Month	\$210,00
B-5	Post-Remediation Groundwater Treatment - This fee includes installation of post-remediation groundwater monitoring wells and quarterly groundwater monitoring and reporting for two years after product application has been completed.	-		- Allowance		\$150,00
B-6	Documentation Sampling - To confirm source material removal (assumes analysis for VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, pesticides, cyanide and metals including hexavalent and trivalent chromium for each sample).	51	Samples	\$1,200	per Sample	\$62,00
B-7	Regulatory Agency Required Reporting - Remedial Design, Closure Reporting (Final Engineering Report)			Allowa	nce	\$100,00
				ENGINEERING FE	ES SUBTOTAL	\$912,00
		GC, CM Fee,	Insurance, Contingency (1	6.8% of Contractor	r Fee Subtotal)	\$3,585,00
				Total	Estimated Fee	\$25,836,00
			ESTIMATED REA	IEDIATION FEE - A	I TERNATIVE I	\$25.8 MI

- General Assumptions and Conditions:

 1. The density used for conversion from cubic yards to tons was 1.5 tons per cubic yard.
- 2. Excavation depths were estimated using Remedial Investigation soil sample results, field observations, and observed fill depths. Assumes 25 feet of excavation across Lots 1, 3, 12, and 20.
- 3. This estimate has been prepared for the purposes of comparing potential remedial alternatives. The information in this fee estimate is based on the available information regarding the site investigation and the anticipated scope of the remedial alternative. Changes in fee elements are likely to occur as a result of new information and data collected during the engineering design of the remedial alternative. This fee estimate is expected to be within -30% to +50% of the actu fee. Utilization of this fee estimate information beyond the stated purpose is not recommended. Langan is not licensed to provide financial or legal consulting services; as such, this fee estimate information is not intended to be utilized for complying with financial reporting requirements associated with liability services.
- 4. A six month period is assumed for remediation and soil handling.
- 5. VOC = volatile organic compound; SVOC = semivolatile organic compound; PCBs = polychlorinated biphenyls

A-2 - The cost assumes an allowance for treatment of groundwater impacts across the site and off-site through implementation of in-situ chemical oxidation (ISCO). The proposed treatment includes injections of a remedial technology (e.g. Oxygen Release Compound [ORC®] or PlumeStop®) into the contaminated soil depth interval (10 to 20 feet bgs on Lot 3 and 20 to 30 feet bgs on Lot 12) prior to site-wide excavation.

- A-7 The unit rate provided reflects OSHA-certified construction labor.
- A-7 The site footprint is about 38,100 square feet. Assumes excacation to 18 feet bgs across Lots 1 and 3, and 28 feet bgs across Lots 12 and 20. A-8 and A-9 - The unit rate provided reflects average disposal facility fees and may vary depending on time of year and facility.
- A-9 Hazardous lead-impacted soil was identified during the RI at the RB06 location on Lot 3 from 0 to 2 feet below grade surface (bgs). The volume assumed a 5-foot wide by 5-foot long, by 5-foot deep hotspot excavation.
- A-11 The fee is associated with treating the effluent before discharge into the sewer. Estimate is based on dewatering for 6 months of on-site operation. The fee includes mobilization, demobilization, freight, and equipment rental. Based o the depth-to-groundwater measurements recorded during the Remedial Investigation, dewatering will be necessary to accommodate a portion of the work associated with remedial excavation and SOE installation.
- A-12 Fee estimate includes application of dust suppression methods to open excavations and soil loaded into trucks. Labor provided by excavation, handling, and disposal contractor provided above; this line item estimate reflects material,
- A-13 Backfill placement and compaction assumes soil handling and management fees for the New York City area. Backfill will not contain concentrations of compounds above Track 1 Unrestricted Use Soil Cleanup Objectives (6NYCRR-Part 375-6.8(a)). The quantity of soil has been increased by 10% to account for compaction.

Engineering Fee Assumptions

B-3 - The assumed duration of the community air monitoring program (CAMP) is six months to accommodate the estimated remediation timeline. CAMP fees include full-time equipment rental to facilitate perimeter dust and VOC monitoring. B-6 - The fee assumes collection of 51 post-excavation confirmation soil samples including quality assurance/quality control samples. Sample analysis will be for Part 375 VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, pesticides, cyanide, and metals (including hexavalent and trivalent chromium). The fee includes subcontracted laboratory analysis by a NYSDOH ELAP-certified laboratory and ASP Category B deliverables.

New York, New York Langan Project Number. 170487001 BCP Site No. C203111

Item No.	Description of Environmental Item		Quantity	Premium U	nit Price	Estimated Premium
	EDIAL ACTION CONTRACTOR FEES					
A-1	Abatement - Accounts for abatment of asbestos-contaning materials, lead based paint, and other universal waste and hazardou wastes; and air monitoring during abatement activities			Allowa	nce	\$300,000
A-2	In-situ Groundwater Treatment - Accounts for the mobilization of the remediation contractor, installation of injection points, application of chemicals, chemical product costs, and implementation	-		Allowance		\$750,000
A-3	<u>Demolition</u> - Accounts for demolition of existing buildings		_	Allowa	nce	\$945,000
A-4	Remediation Facilities, Equipment, Mobilization, Demobilization, Permits, and Site Maintenance Remediation and decontamination facilities include trailer, truck cleaning facilities, etc.		_	Allowance		\$100,000
A-5	Support of Excavation (SOE) - Includes installation of a soldier pile and lagging to 3 feet on Lots 1 and 3 and 15 feet on Lots 12 and 20.		-	- Allowance		\$2,300,000
A-6	Management and Handling of Excavated Materials- Accounts for excavation of material containing concentrations exceeding Track 4 Soil Cleanup Objectives and/or to development depth.	13,000	CY	\$37	per CY	\$481,000
A-7	Transport and Disposal of Historic Fill for a Track 4 SCOs- Includes transport vehicles and disposal of material at a permitted facility.	20,000	Tons	\$45	per Ton	\$900,000
A-8	<u>Transport and Disposal of Hazardous Lead-Impacted Historic Fill Material</u> Includes transport vehicles and disposal of a hazardous lead hotspot in Lot 3.	30	Tons	\$165	per Ton	\$4,950
A-9	Waterproofing/Vapor Barrier Membrane - Assumes a continuous waterproofing membrane will be installed below the foundation slab and along vertical foundation walls up to the proposed finished development grade.	46,100	SF	\$9	per SF	\$414,900
A-10	Aboveground/Underground Storage Tank (AST/UST) Removal- Cleaning, removal, and disposal of three oil-water separators, four ASTs, and four suspect USTs across the site.	11	Tanks	Allowa	nce	\$50,000
A-11	<u>Dust, Odor and Vapor Control</u> - Includes odor, dust, and organic vapor control during remediation of the site. Assumes control measures will include, but not be limited to application of odor suppressant, foam or water.	6	Months	\$20,000	per Month	\$120,000
A-12	Management and Handling of Backfilled Materials- Accounts for placement and compaction of backfilled materials to development grade	3,000	CY	\$37	per CY	\$111,000
A-13	Backfill - Import and placement of clean fill material to development grade. An additional 10% of material is included to accoun for compaction.	3,000	CY	\$25	CY	\$75,000
A-14	Site Cover System - Installation of a site cover system consisting of the building foundation slab and/or two feet of clean fill in areas of the site that may not be covered by the building foundation.	3,000	CY	\$25	CY	\$75,000
D. ENG	INEERING FEES		REMEDIAL ACTIO	ON CONTRACTOR F	EES SUBTOTAL	\$6,627,000
B - ENG	INCERNING FEES			I		
B-1	Waste Characterization	- Allowance		nce	\$60,000	
B-2	Engineering Support, Construction Administration, and Agency Coordination (During Remediation)	6	Months	\$20,000	per Month	\$120,000
B-3	Community Air Monitoring - This fee includes equipment rental fees associated with implementation of CAMP, which will be performed during ground-intrusive work including excavation and backfill, the presence of an on-site engineer to observe and document the site remediation and implementation of the IRM, RAWP, Remedial Design Memo, remediation health and safety including purchase and maintenance of appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), and daily field reporting to the NYSDEC.	6	Months	\$45,000	per Month	\$270,000
B-4	Engineering Special Inspection of Support of Excavation	6	Months	\$35,000	per Month	\$210,000
B-5	Post-Remediation Groundwater Treatment - This fee includes installation of post-remediation groundwater monitoring wells and quarterly groundwater monitoring and reporting for two years after product application has been completed.	-		Allowance		\$150,000
B-6	Documentation Sampling - To confirm source material removal (assumes analysis for VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, pesticides, cyanide and metals including hexavalent and trivalent chromium for each sample), PFAS. Includes data validation	55	Samples	\$1,750	per Sample	\$97,000
B-7	Regulatory Agency Required Reporting - Remedial Design, Closure Reporting (Final Engineering Report and Site Management Plan)	_		- Allowance		\$75,000
B-8	Site Management - Management of long-term EC/IC, which includes site visits, annual reporting fees, and operations and maintenance costs.	10	Years	\$20,000	per Year	\$200,000
				ENGINEERING F		\$1,182,000
		GC, CM F	ee, Insurance, Contingency	(16.8% of Contracto	r Fee Subtotal)	\$1,114,000
			Total Remedial Action Co			\$8,923,000
ESTIMATED REMEDIATION FEE - ALTERNATIVE II						\$8.9 MM

General Assumptions and Conditions:

- 1. The density used for conversion from cubic yards to tons was 1.5 tons per cubic yard.
- 2. Excavation depths were estimated using Remedial Investigation soil sample results, field observations, and observed fill depths. Assumes about 2 feet of excavation on Lot 1, 8 feet of excavation on Lot 3, 18 feet of excavation on Lot 3, 18 feet of excavation on Lot 1. 3. This estimate has been prepared for the purposes of comparing potential remedial alternatives. The information in this fee estimate is based on the available information regarding the site investigation and the anticipated scope of the remedial alternative. Changes in fee elements are likely to occur as a result of new information and data collected during the engineering design of the remedial alternative. This fee estimate is expected to be within -30% to +50% of the actual fee. Utilization of this fee estimate information beyond the stated purpose is not recommended. Langan is not licensed to provide financial or legal consulting services; as such, this fee estimate information is not intended to be utilize
- for complying with financial reporting requirements associated with liability services. 4. A four month period is assumed for remediation and soil handling.
- 5. VOC = volatile organic compound; SVOC = semivolatile organic compound; PCBs = polychlorinated biphenyls

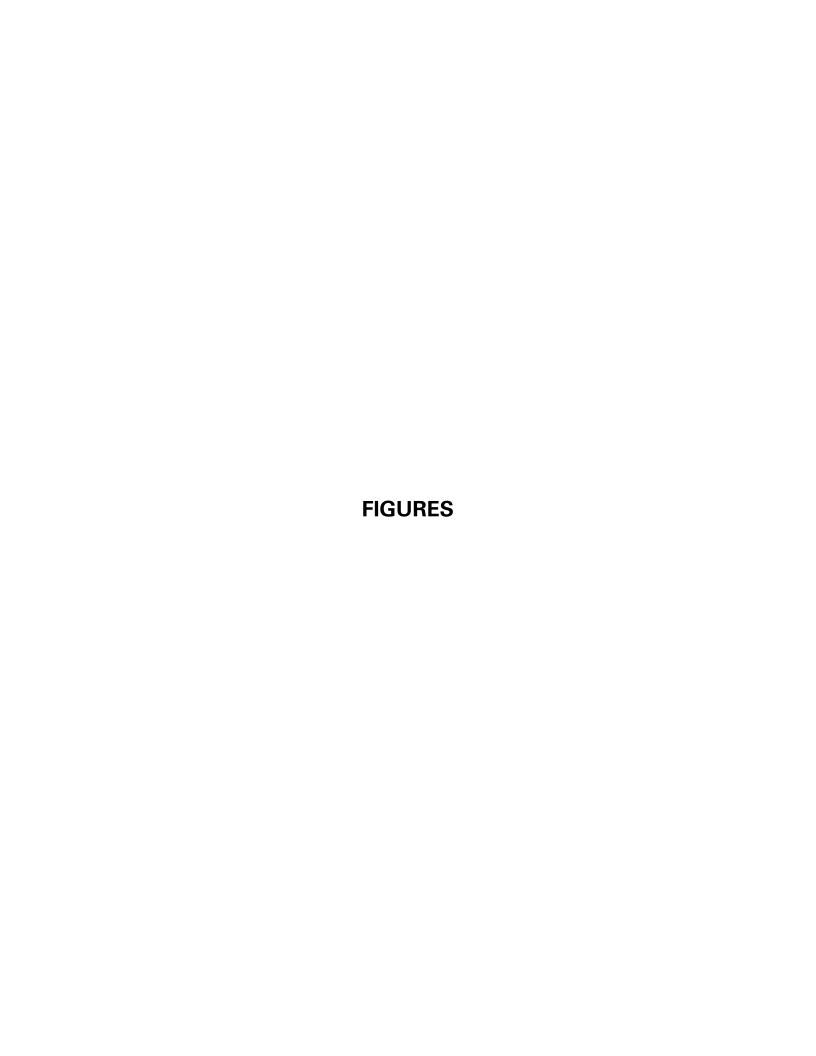
Contractor Fee Assumptions:

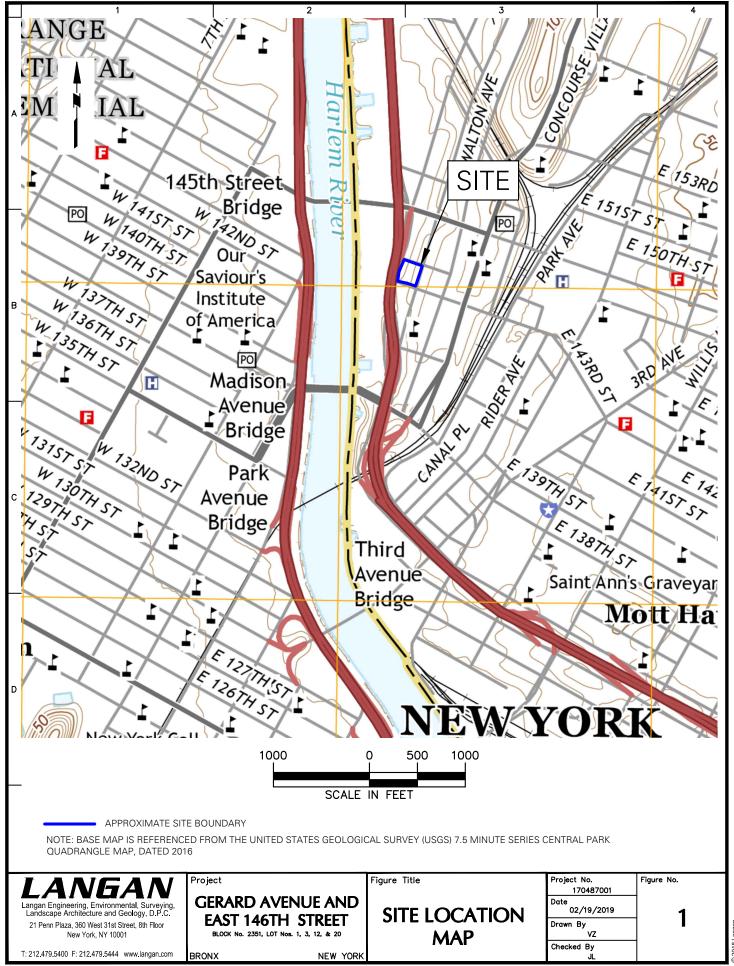
- A-2 The cost assumes an allowance for treatment of groundwater impacts across the site through implementation of in-situ chemical oxidation (ISCO). The proposed treatment includes injections of a remedial technology (e.g. Oxygen Release Compound [ORC®] and Persulfox®) into the contaminated soil depth interval (8 to 18 feet bgs on Lot 3 and 18 to 28 feet bgs on Lot 12) prior to site-wide excavation.
- A-6 The unit rate provided reflects OSHA-certified construction labor.
- A-6 The site footprint is about 38,000 square feet. Assumes about 2 feet of excavation on Lot 1, 8 feet of excavation on Lot 3, 18 feet of excavation on Lot 32 and 20.
- A-7 and A-8 The unit rate provided reflects average disposal facility fees and may vary depending on time of year and facility.
- A-8 Hazardous lead-impacted soil was identified during the RI at the RB06 location on Lot 3 from 0 to 2 feet below grade surface (bgs). The volume assumed a 10-foot wide by 10-foot long, by 5-foot deep hotspot excavation. A-11 - Fee estimate includes application of dust suppression methods to open excavations and soil loaded into trucks. Labor provided by excavation, handling, and disposal contractor provided above; this line item estimate reflects material,
- freight, and equipment fees.
 A-13 Backfill may be required to bring the site up to development grade. Backfill placement and compaction assumes soil handling and management fees for the New York City area. Backfill will meet Track 4 Site-Specific SCOs (6 NYCRR
- Part 375-6.8(b)). The quantity of soil has been increased by 10% to account for compaction.

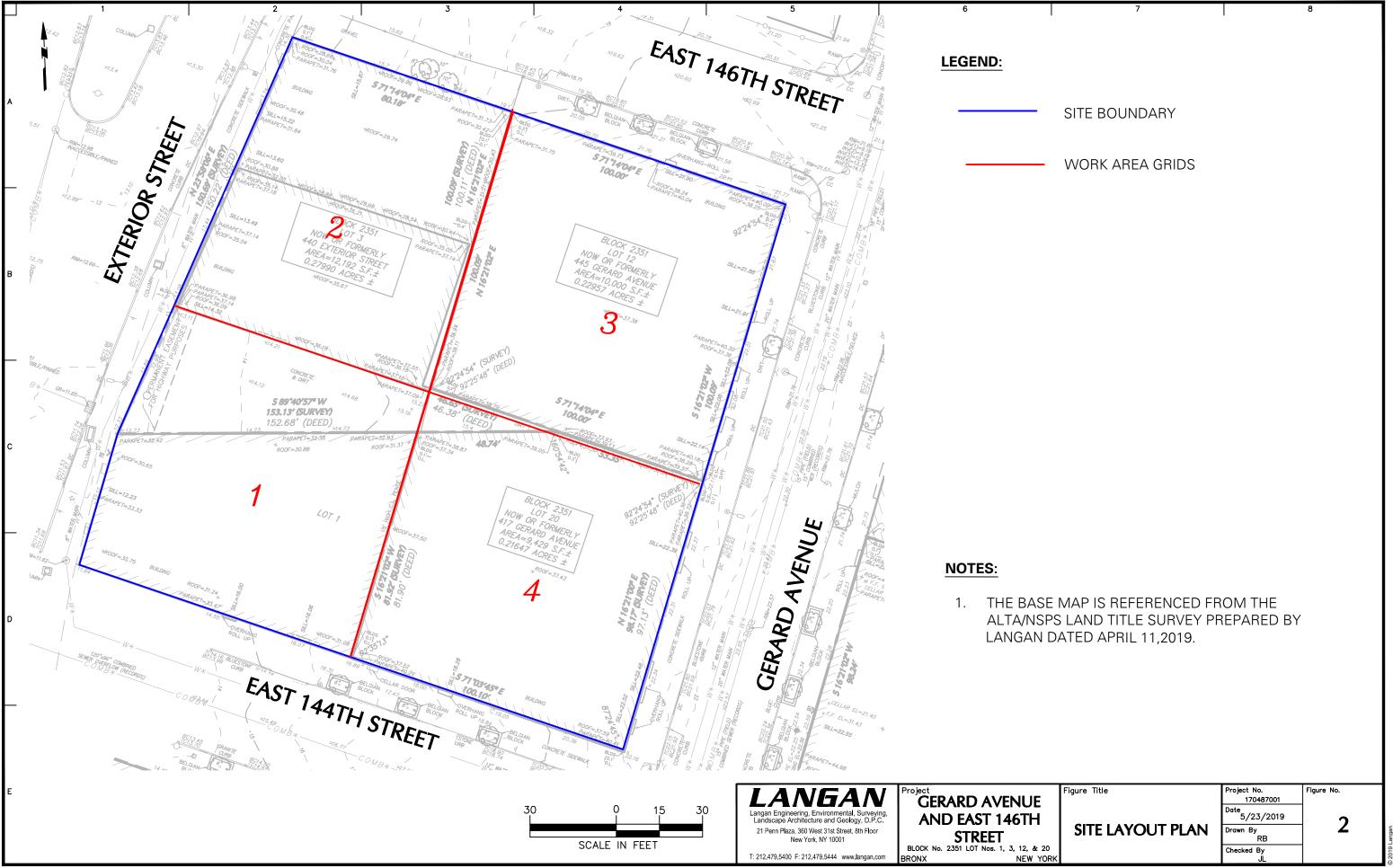
 A-14 The cost of the site cover system (i.e. building foundation) is equal to the cost of two feet of clean fill across the entire site footprint.

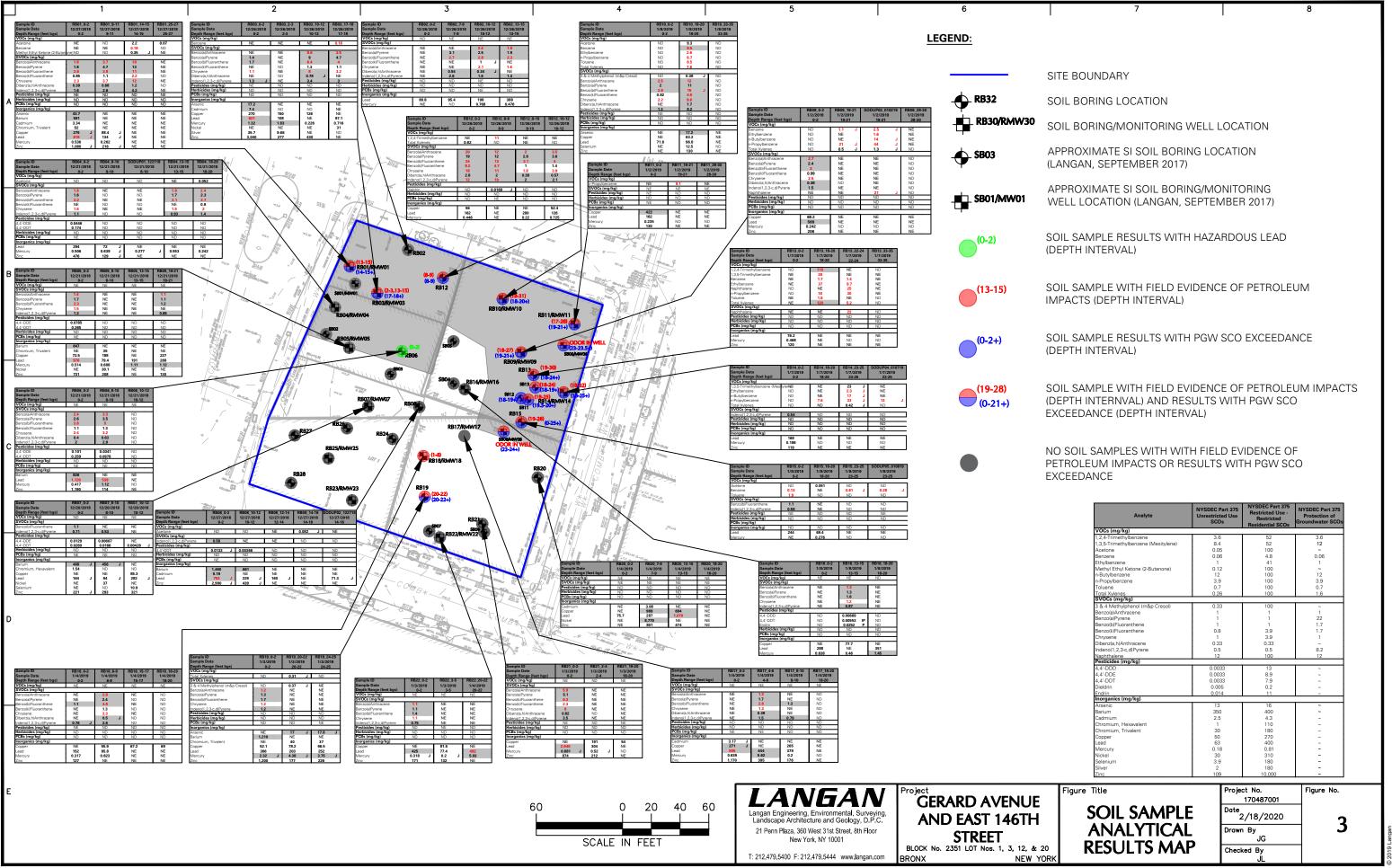
Engineering Fee Assumptions:

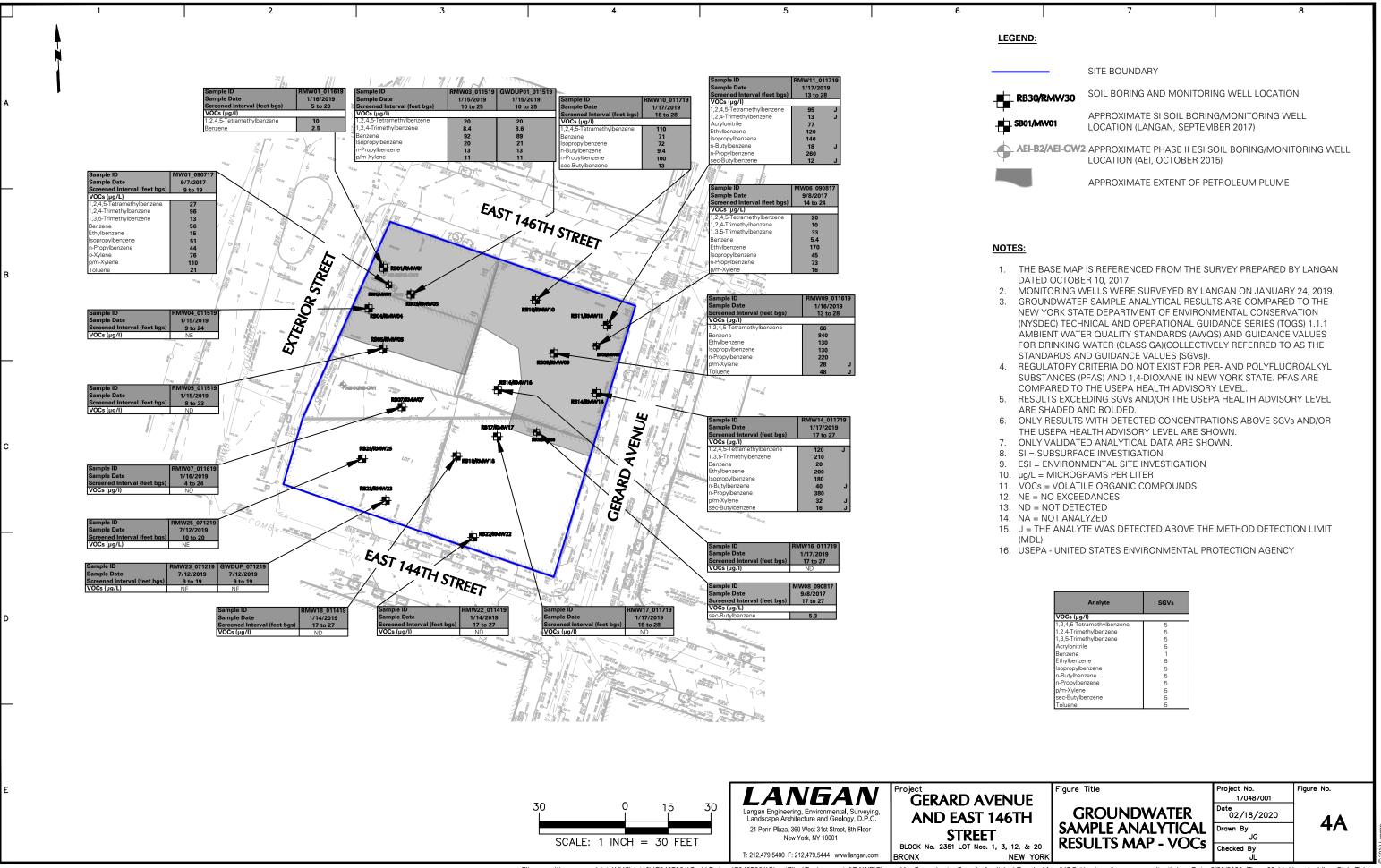
- B-3 The assumed duration of the community air monitoring program (CAMP) is six months to accommodate the estimated remediation timeline. CAMP fees include full-time equipment rental to facilitate perimeter dust and VOC monitoring
- B-6 The fee assumes collection of 55 post-excavation confirmation soil samples including quality assurance/quality control samples. Sample analysis will be for Part 375 VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, pesticides, cyanide, metals (including hexavale and trivalent chromium), and PFAS. The fee includes subcontracted laboratory analysis by a NYSDOH ELAP-certified laboratory and ASP Category B deliverables.
- B-8 The assumed duration of operation and monitoring of long-term institutional controls/engineering controls is 10 years. Fee includes annual reporting fees for annual periodic review reports.

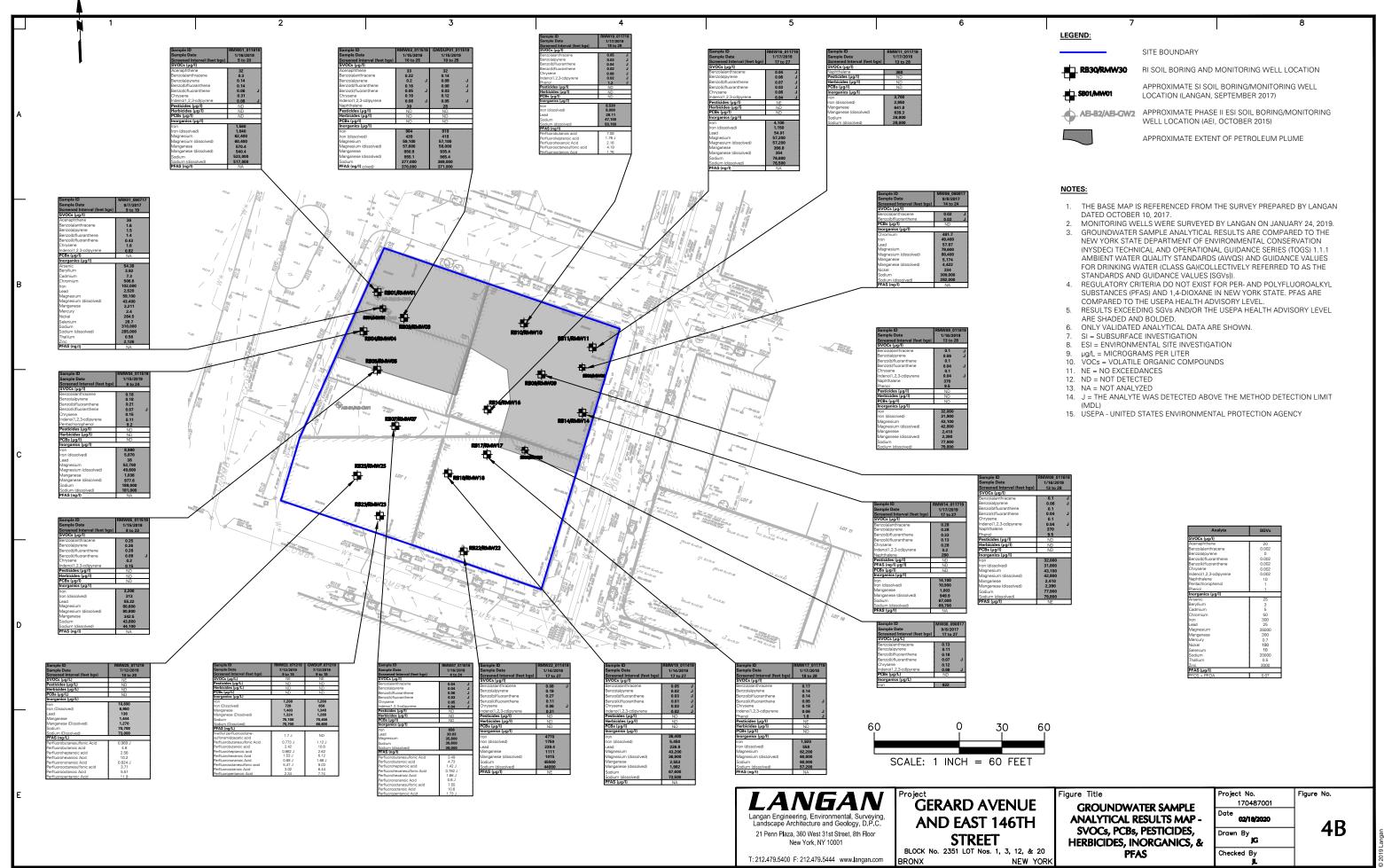


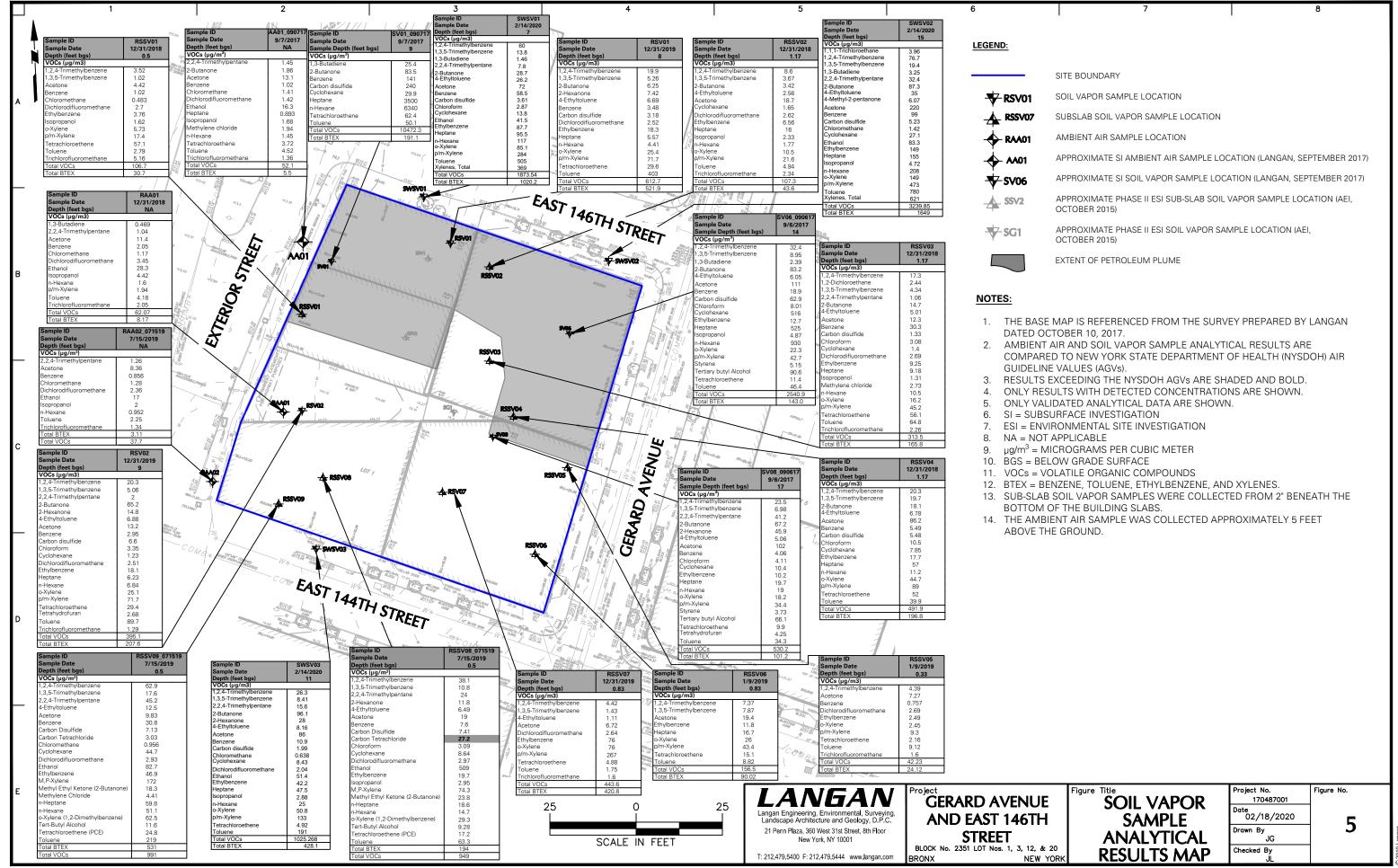


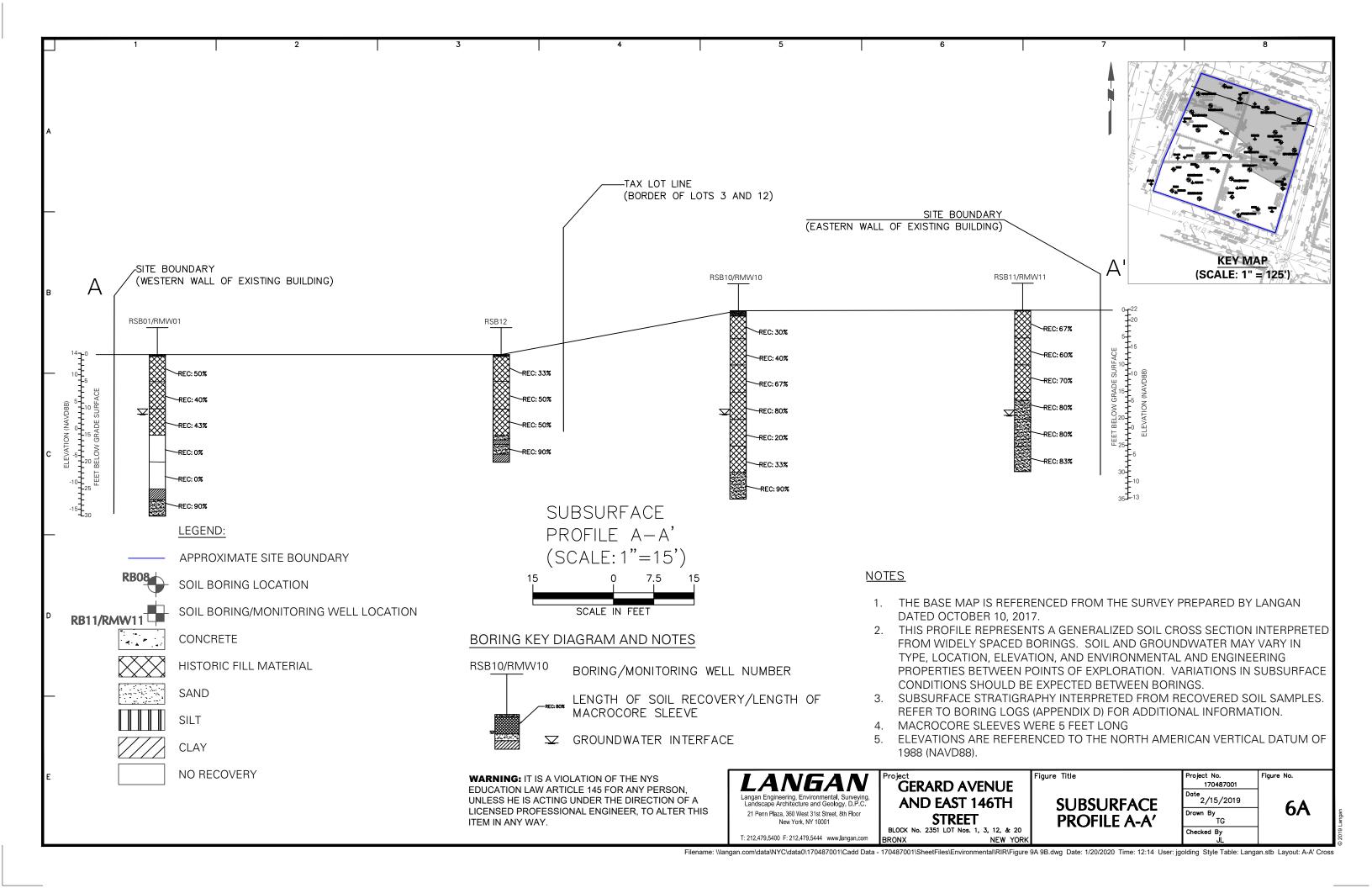


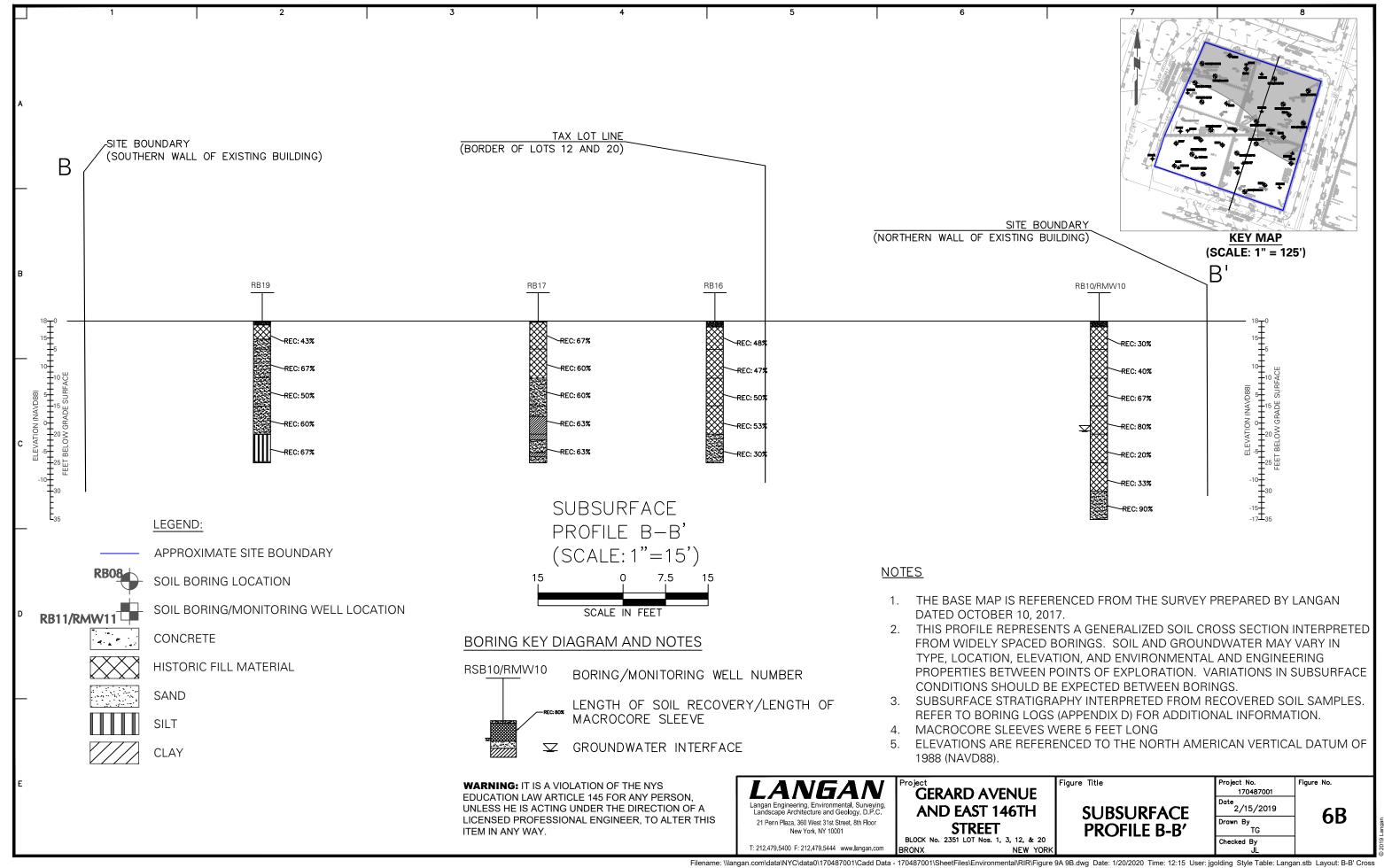


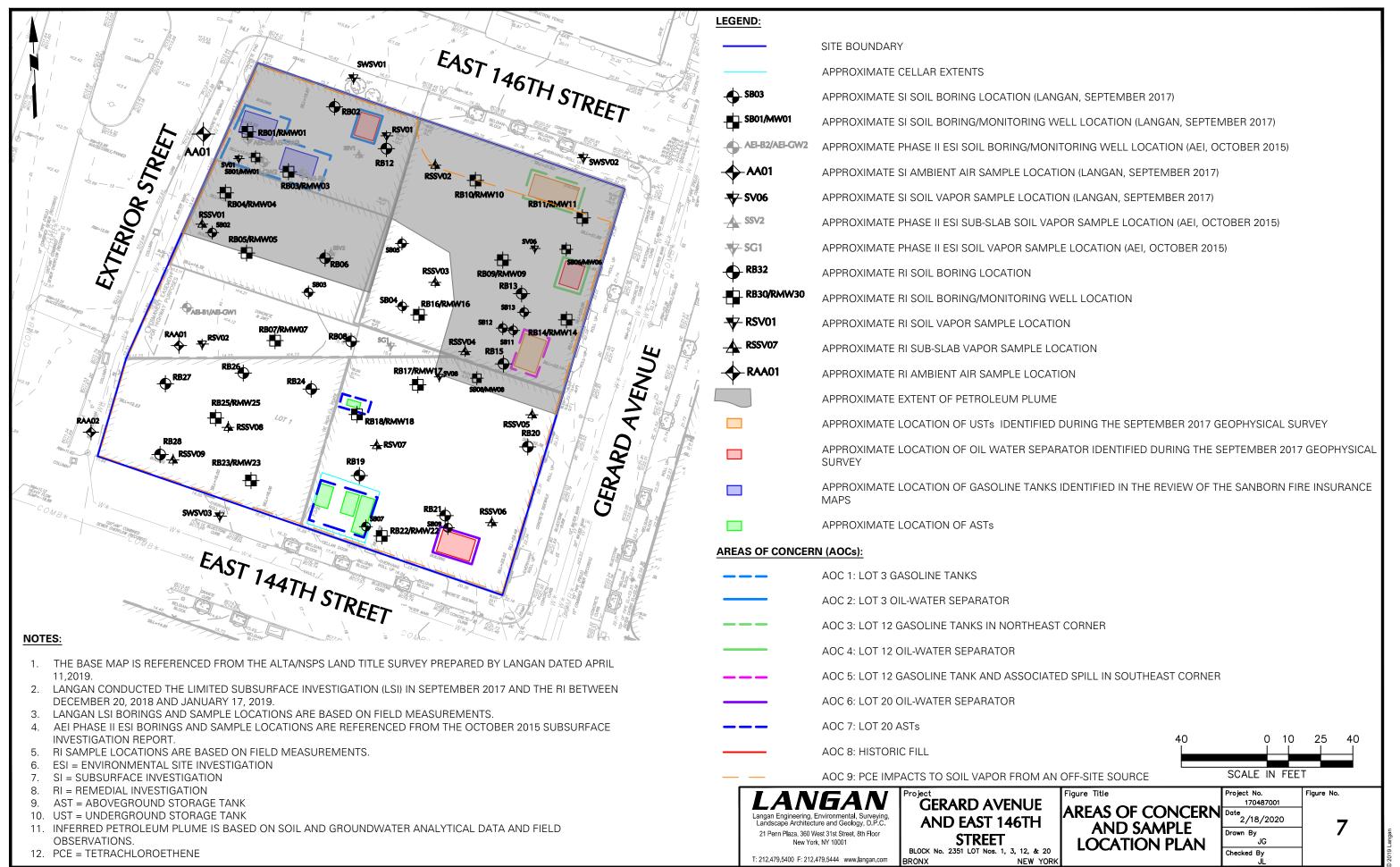


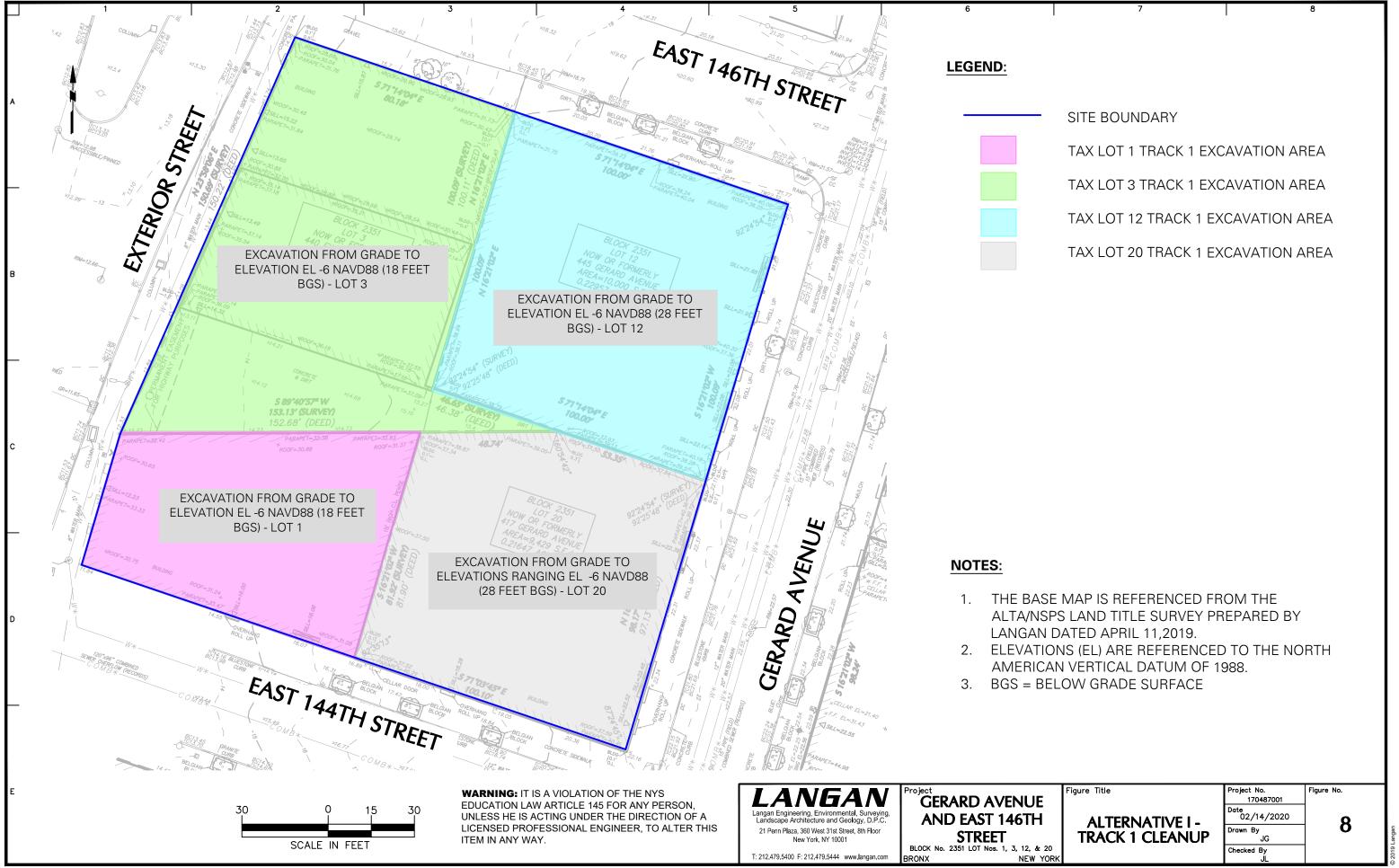


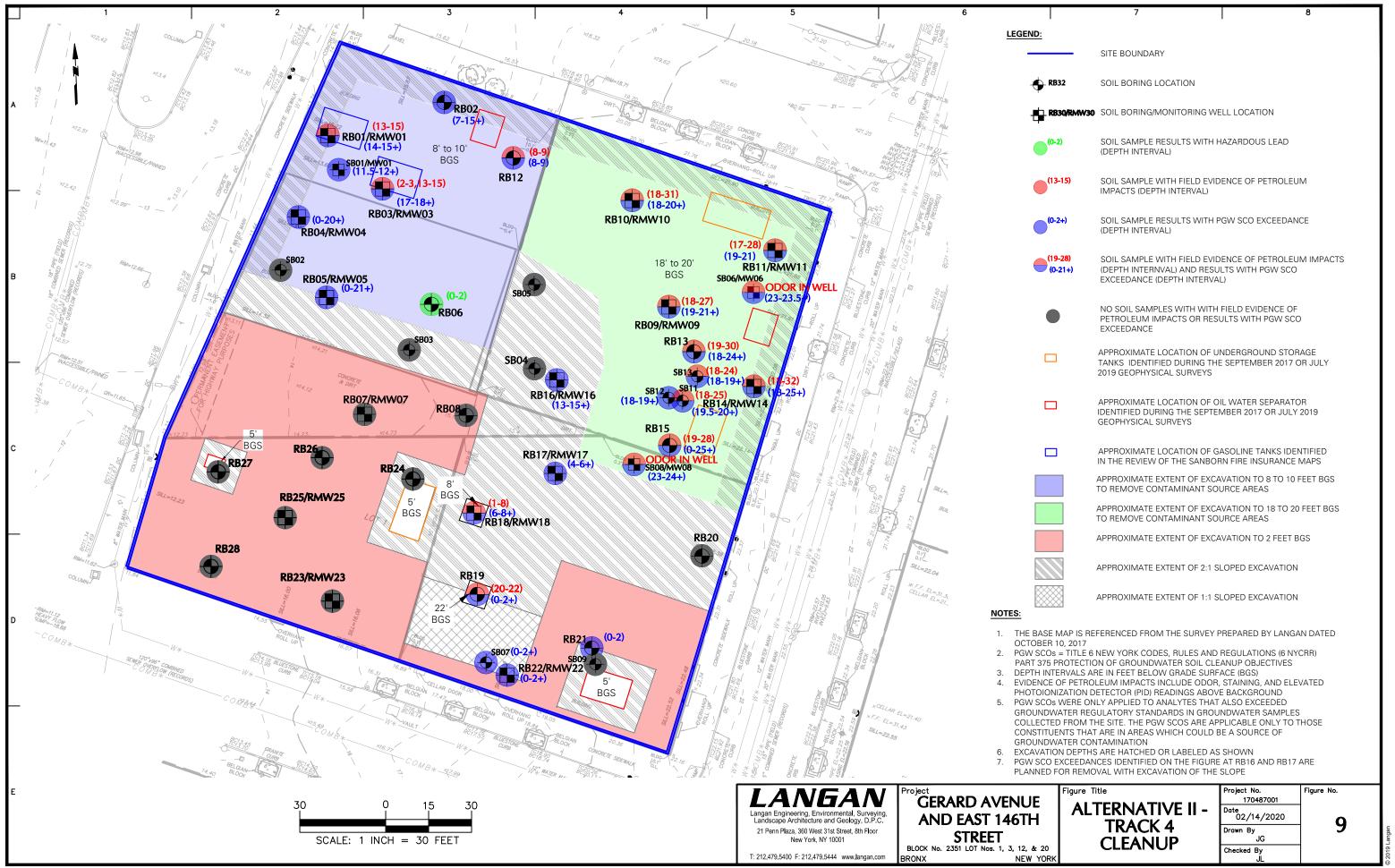


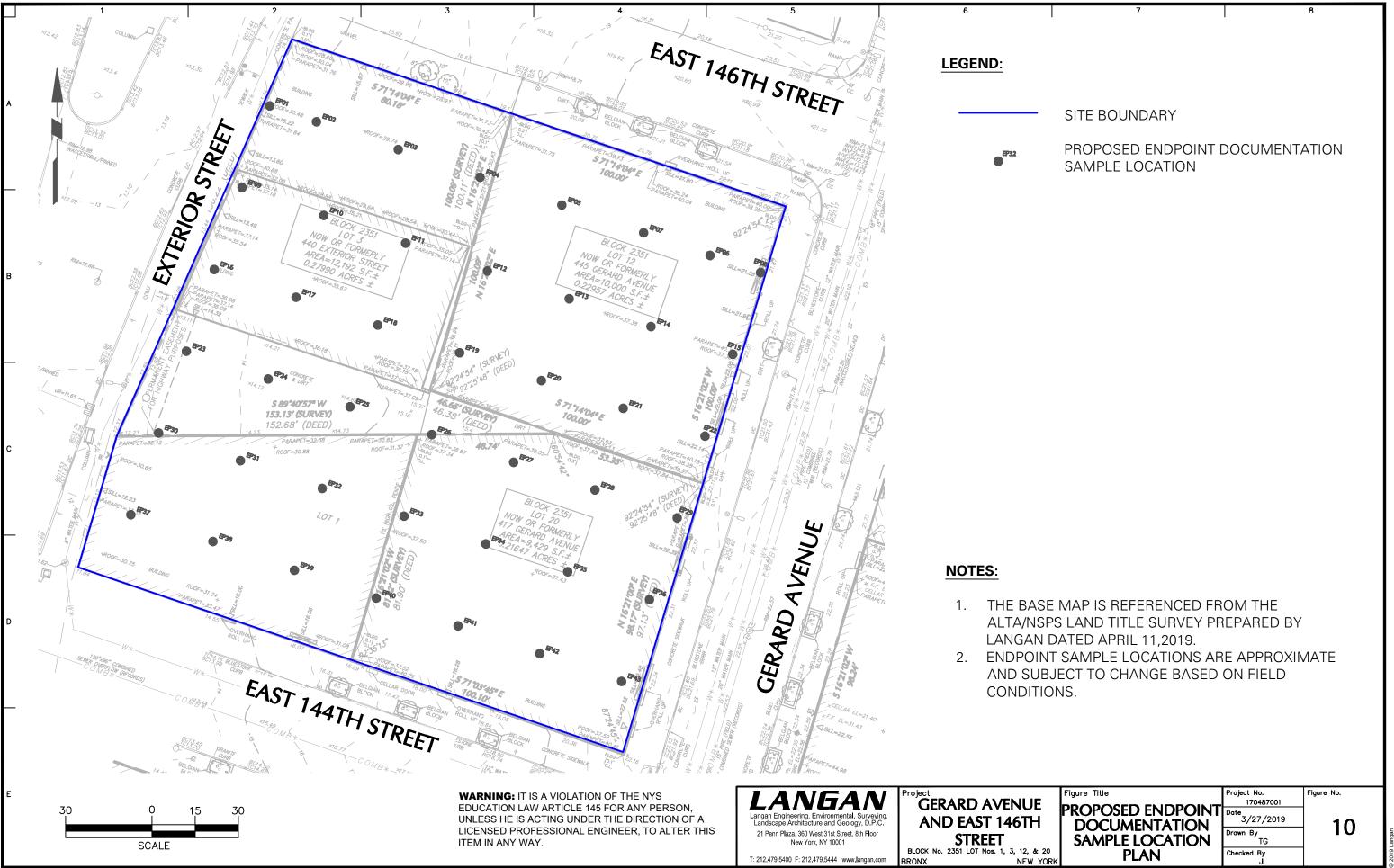


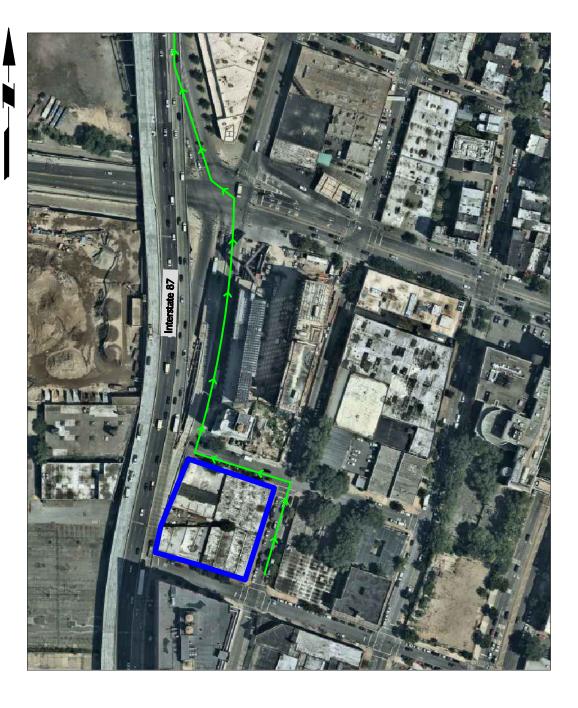


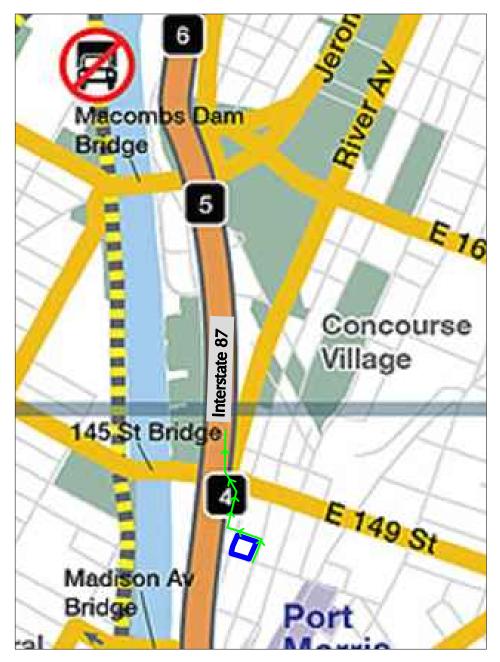












LEGEND:

APPROXIMATE SITE BOUNDARY

PROPOSED TRUCK ROUTE

LOCAL TRUCK ROUTE

THROUGH TRUCK ROUTE ON EXPRESSWAY

HIGHWAY EXIT

COMMERCIAL VEHICLES PROHIBITED

NOTES:

- 1. TRUCK ROUTE MAP AND LEGEND ADAPTED FROM THE NEW YORK CITY DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (NYCDOT) 2015 NEW YORK CITY TRUCK ROUTE MAP.
- 2. AERIAL MAP FROM NEARMAP.COM, IMAGE DATED JULY 31, 2017
- 3. SITE ACCESS GATE LOCATION MAY CHANGE BASED ON CONSTRUCTION LOGISTICS.
- 4. FIGURE IS NOT TO SCALE.

WARNING: IT IS A VIOLATION OF THE NYS EDUCATION LAW ARTICLE 145 FOR ANY PERSON, UNLESS HE IS ACTING UNDER THE DIRECTION OF A LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER, TO ALTER THIS ITEM IN ANY WAY.

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GERARD AVENUE **AND EAST 146TH**

STREET BLOCK No. 2351 LOT Nos. 1, 3, 12, & 20 NEW YORK

TRUCK ROUTE MAP

Figure Title

Figure No. 170487001 Oate 3/27/2019 Drawn By TG

Checked By

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